USERS HANDBOOK Hydraulic Comparison Test Pump

1.0 GENERAL

The Comparison Test Pump is used for checking pressure measuring instruments against Master Test Gauges.

Note: The term 'Master Test Gauge' or 'Gauge' in this document, means any pressure measuring instrument such as; Transfer Standards, Digital Calibrators and Transducers.

This system is only as accurate as the Master Test gauge used. The Master Test gauge must be regularly calibrated on a Deadweight Tester (Primary Pressure Reference Standard) to ensure accuracy is maintained.

2.0 Specification

Maximum Range : 20000 psi/1400 bar Instrument Overall Dimensions : 46.5 x 32.5 x 20.5cm

Instrument Weight : 13kg
Reservoir Volume : 250 cc
Barrel Volume (Ram extended) : 5.5 cc
Pump Displacement (Per Stroke) : 4.8 cc

Operating Fluids

Model T1300 : Any oil-based fluid compatible with Nitryl

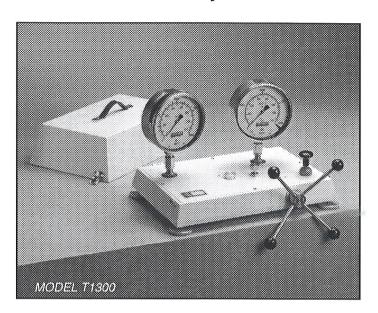
Rubber.

Model T1301 : Any fluid compatible with Stainless Steel

and Nitryl Rubber

Supplied as standard with each Test Pump:

Female Adaptors: 1/8", 1/4", 3/8" & 2 off 1/2" BSP or NPT. Spare seals (45, 59, 79)



3.0 Storage And Transportation

- 3.1 With both Test Stations (41 & 92) plugged, open Valve(6) and screw Capstan (36) fully in, close Valve (6).
- 3.2 Disassemble Capstan (36) and store in the case lid.
- 3.3 Fluid can remain in the Reservoir (15) during transport, providing that the Tester remains horizontal.
- 3.4 Replace lid, ensuring that the Hinges (27) are properly engaged, and secure with Toggle Clips (25) at sides.

4.0 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

If you require further information on any of the following equipment, please contact your local agent.

T3600 LIQUID TO LIQUID SEPARATOR

Model T3600 maximum range 8000 psi/600 bar, T3601 maximum range 10000 psi/700 bar.

If there is any doubt that the Gauge is not internally clean, then the addition of a T3600 Liquid Separator will protect the comparison test pump system from contamination and possible damage.

The T3600 is also particularly useful for applications where the gauge must not be contaminated by the operating fluid in the comparison test pump.

It contains a flexible 'Viton' diaphragm which separates the two working fluids, preventing transfer either way. Any fluid can be used that is compatible with Viton and Aluminium Bronze.

T3700 ANGLE ADAPTOR

To calibrate rear/back Connection Gauges in their correct position, an Angle Adaptor must be used. The Angle Adaptor fits directly onto either Test Station, converting it through 90 degrees, allowing the same Adaptors to be used.

T4600 POINTER REMOVER/PUNCH

To remove and refit the pointer of a Pressure Gauge. This two in one tool has a spring-loaded plunger to quickly and consistently refit the pointer.

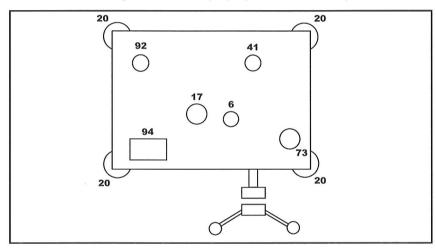
5.0 PREPARATION

- 5.1 Find a level, stable surface.
- 5.2 Remove Capstan (36) from case lid using Allen Key (29) and fit to Hub (55) on front of Tester.
- 5.3 Level the Tester using the four Adjustable Feet (20).
- 5.4 Remove Reservoir Bung (17) and fill Reservoir (15) approximately 3/4 full with the appropriate fluid.
- 5.5 Fit Master Test Gauge to Test Station (41).
 - **Note:** Two 1/2" Adaptors (44) are supplied, on the assumption that one will be used for the Master Test Gauge. If another size Adaptor is used, then that size Adaptor will not be available for the instrument to be tested. Additional Adaptors can be purchased from your local agent.
 - 5.5.1 Screw the appropriate Adaptor fully onto Gauge.
 - 5.5.2 Screw assembly down on the Test Station.
 - Note: The internal thread in the lower half of the Adaptor is LEFT-HANDED.

 Hand-tight is sufficient, ensure the bottom face contacts the Test Seal (45) on the Test Station (41).
 - 5.5.3 To adjust position to face forward. Hold the Adaptor and unscrew the Gauge **ANTI-CLOCKWISE** until it faces forward. Hold the Gauge steady whilst turning the Adaptor **ANTI-CLOCKWISE** until it pulls down onto the Test Seal.
 - 5.5.4 To calibrate rear Connection Gauges, use a T3700 Angle Adaptor see Ancillary Equipment, Section 4, Page 1.

IMPORTANT: ENSURE THAT ANY GAUGE FITTED TO THE TEST STATION IS INTERNALLY CLEAN - See Ancillary Equipment: T3600, Section 4, page 1.

5.6 Fit gauge to be tested to Auxillary Test Station (92). (See 5.5.1 above).



6.0 Priming

- 6.1 Open Valve (6) one turn anti-clockwise and screw Capstan (36) fully in.
- 6.2 Pump twice (73).
- 6.3 * Close Valve and screw Capstan FULLY OUT.
- 6.4 Open Valve and screw Capstan FULLY IN.
 - **Note:** During this operation bubbles may appear in the Reservoir (15), as trapped air is expelled. For large volume Gauges repeat steps 6.3 and 6.4 until no further bubbles appear.
- 6.5 With Valve (6) open, screw Capstan FULLY OUT and close Valve (6). The test pump is now ready for use. *WARNING:

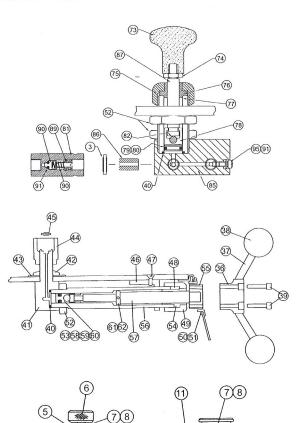
Screwing the Capstan (36) out, with Valve (6) closed, will generate 0.5 bar/15 in Hg vacuum. If the Gauges fitted are vacuum sensitive, leave Valve open during operation 6.3.

7.0 OPERATION

- 7.1 Use the Handpump (73) to generate the initial pressure up to 100 psi/7 bar, for higher pressure screw the Capstan (36) in.
- 7.2 Compare the reading of the gauge under the test with that of the Master Gauge.
- 7.3 For next, higher calibration point, repeat from 7.1 above.
- 7.4 To measure reducing pressures, screw the Capstan out.
- 7.5 Depressurise by screwing the Capstan FULLY OUT.
- 7.6 Any pressure remaining in the system can now be released by SLOWLY opening Valve (6).

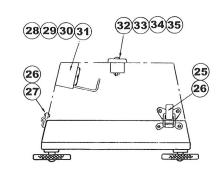
 NEVER RELEASE SYSTEM PRESSURE WITHOUT SCREWING CAPSTAN FULLY OUT FIRST.

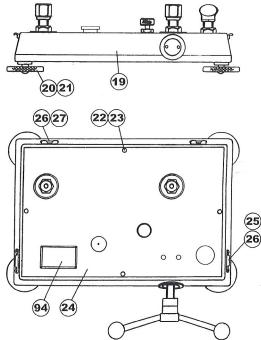
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT DRAWINGS & PARTS LIST

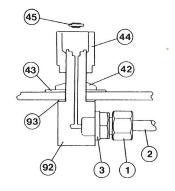




(88)(9)







87	D4701	SPINDLE
88	B1805	COUPLING
89	D4732	SPOOL
90	D4731	BULLET
91	B8152	SEAL
92	D5020	REMOTE TEST STATION
93	B1407	LOCK WASHER
94	D1036	LABEL
95	B8111	SCREW

When ordering parts for T1301 Water Operated Tester, add 'W' after part. Example: Item 45 becomes B1066W.

9.0 FAULT FINDING

9.1 SYSTEM WILL NOT PRIME

- 9.1.1 Check valve (6) is closed.
- 9.1.2 Check there is sufficient fluid in the Reservoir (15).
- 9.1.3 Check for damaged/missing/dirty Seal (45) in Test Station (41 or 92).
- 9.1.4 Check that the faces of the Gauges contact the Test Seal (45), and that they are not scored or dented.

9.2 SYSTEM WILL NOT PRESSURISE

- 9.2.1 Check 9.1.
- 9.2.2 Ensure correct Valve operation during Priming step 6.5.
- 9.2.3 Check the Gauges are not leaking.
- 9.2.4 Clean system externally, check for fluid leak by trying to pressurise. Wherever fluid appears, replace the Seal check sealing faces are clean and undamaged before re-assembly.

9.3 HANDPUMP MALFUNCTION

- 9.3.1 Check 9.2.
- 9.3.2a If pumping generates no pressure, then the Inlet Non-Return Valve (81) has probably failed.
- 9.3.2b This should be disassembled and inspected for dirt or damage to valve seat and Seal. After inspection, clean all parts thoroughly, replacing as required, and re-assemble correctly.
- 9.3.3 If the system pressurises and depressurises in conjunction with the downward and upward strokes of the Pump (73), then the Outlet Non-Return Valve (81) has failed completely. Inspect as per 9.3.2b.
- 9.3.4 If the Pump Handle (73) rises, then the Outlet Non-Return Valve (81) is leaking. Inspect as per

Note: Do not continue to pressurise if Pump Handle rises, as this can damage the pump Inlet Non-Return Valve (81).

9.4 PRESSURE FALLS AWAY

- 9.4.1 Check Valve (6) is properly closed.
- 9.4.2 Check 9.2.
- 9.4.3 If the system has been pressurised quickly then it must be allowed time to thermally stabilise. Continue to re-pressurise until it stabilises, this should take no longer than one minute.
- 9.4.4 Valve (6) leaking.
 - Remove Reservoir Bung (17) and observe fluid level, it will rise slowly if Valve (6) is leaking. This indicates that the valve seat may be damaged or dirty. It should be disassembled, cleaned and inspected, then re-tested or replaced if necessary.
- 9.4.5 Rambler Seal (59) leaking Check Ram Screw (57) for 'wetness' when extended (Should be greased, not running with operating fluid).

 If Ram Screw (57) is 'wet', then replace Rambler seal (59) with the spare provided.

9.5 CANNOT ATTAIN MAXIMUM PRESSURE HAVING SCREWED CAPSTAN FULLY IN

- 9.5.1 Check 9.2.
- 9.5.2 Ensure that the Capstan (36) is FULLY OUT and that the Hand Pump (73) is used for initial pressurisation. See Section 6, Page 2.
- 9.5.3 If the gauge has a large internal volume or an air pocket exists, then re-prime, see Section 6, Page 2, increasing the initial pressurisation with Hand Pump (73) from 100 psi/7 bar to at least 200 psi/14 bar.